

Enrollment No: _____

Exam Seat No: _____

C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

Summer Examination-2017

Subject Name: Analog Communication

Subject Code: 4TE04ACM1

Branch: B.Tech (EC)

Semester: 4

Date: 08/05/2017

Time : 02:00 To 05:00

Marks :70

Instructions:

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
 - (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
 - (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
 - (4) Assume suitable data if needed.
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- Q-1 Define following terms: (14)**
- (a) Noise
 - (b) Signal To Noise Ratio
 - (c) Q-Factor
 - (d) Dynamic Impedance
 - (e) Reflection
 - (f) Supersonic Heterodyne
 - (g) Frequency Deviation
 - (h) Isotropic Radiator
 - (i) Gain
 - (j) Image Frequency
 - (k) Sensitivity
 - (l) White noise
 - (m) Critical Frequency
 - (n) Modulation Depth

Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8

- Q-2 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Explain Super-heterodyne receiver with block diagram.
 - (b) Explain AM broadcast transmitter with block diagram.
- Q-3 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Write a short note on Johnson Noise.
 - (b) Explain AGC and its all types
- Q-4 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Explain Diagonal Peak Clipping in detail.
 - (b) Prove that SSB transmission results in more efficient use of available power.



- Q-5** **Attempt all questions** **(14)**
- (a) Explain Phasing method of SSB generation with suitable diagram.
 - (b) Explain FM stereo broadcast transmitter with block diagram.
- Q-6** **Attempt all questions** **(14)**
- (a) Discuss the equivalence between PM and FM.
 - (b) Explain Carson's rule and prove that FM is constant bandwidth system.
- Q-7** **Attempt all questions** **(14)**
- (a) A modulating signal $10\sin(2\pi \cdot 10^3 t)$ is used to modulate a carrier signal $20\sin(2\pi \cdot 10^4 t)$. Find the modulation index, percentage modulation, frequencies of the sideband components and their amplitudes. What is the bandwidth of the modulated signal? Also draw the spectrum of the AM wave.
 - (b) Two resistors $20\text{ k}\Omega$ and $50\text{ k}\Omega$ are at room temperature (290K) for a bandwidth of 100 kHz . Calculate thermal noise for each resistor, if two resistors are in series and if two resistors are in parallel.
- Q-8** **Attempt all questions** **(14)**
- (a) Explain briefly what Skin effect is and why it is undesirable. Explain steps to reduce skin effect in inductors.
 - (b) Explain Tropospheric Scatter Propagation.

